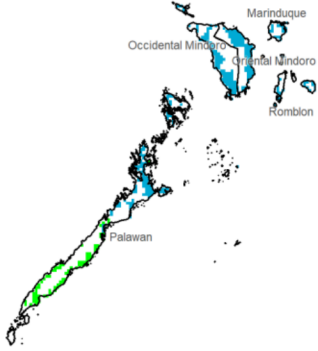


Region IV-B (MIMAROPA)

Water Availability for Rice
Prevailing Stage : (II) Vegetative



Water Availability for Corn
Prevailing Stage : None

Harvesting and/or pre-planting stage is possibly ongoing.

Provincial Values

	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice		Corn	
		CS	CCI (%)	CS	CCI (%)
Marinduque	443.1	I	649.6	I	966.1
		II	637.7	II	913.7
		III	632.1	III	878.9
		IV	699.4	IV	912.0
Occidental Mindoro	555.8	I	780.8	I	965.9
		II	775.5	II	934.1
		III	773.0	III	912.8
		IV	802.6	IV	933.1
Oriental Mindoro	604.9	I	729.4	I	969.5
		II	720.8	II	922.0
		III	716.8	III	892.5
		IV	766.4	IV	920.5
Palawan	297.2	I	297.2	I	349.2
		II	290.8	II	310.7
		III	287.9	III	286.8
		IV	325.9	IV	309.5
Romblon	694.2	I	376.9	I	678.7
		II	356.6	II	543.2
		III	347.3	III	463.8
		IV	470.4	IV	539.2

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in bold is the dominant stage during the month of July

Rice CS: (I) Nursery (II) Vegetative (III) Reproductive (IV) Ripening
Corn CS: (I) Establishment (II) Vegetative (III) Reproductive (IV) Maturity

CCI Category: Inadequate (Yellow), Sufficient (Green), Excess (Blue)

Regional Summary

The whole area of MIMAROPA region received excessive amount of rainfall due to the enhanced southwest monsoon and tropical cyclones (TD Butchoy and ST Carina). This amount of rainfall might cause a larger damage to main crops and plants, which may be detrimental to plant growth, development, and productivity.

Meanwhile, the accumulated rainfall for the past three months (SPEI3) shows that the region has experienced below normal rainfall over Palawan and Occidental Mindoro while near normal for the rest of the region.

The extreme rainfall maps suggest likely damages caused by the combined effect of enhanced southwest monsoon and tropical cyclones. As indicated by RX5days, the highest accumulated rainfall reached up to 300 millimeters.

